

Linear classification and coordinate descent

1 Introduction

Let \mathbf{X} be an $n \times m$, whose rows correspond to the records and the columns to the attributes. Let y be an $n \times 1$ vector of the known target values of the records in \mathbf{X} . For this assignment, we will consider binary classification. We will assign the label 1 to one class and -1 to the other. So the target values will either be 1 or -1 . The goal is to learn a linear model, that will predict the label of a record. More specifically, the following minimization problem must be solved:

$$\text{minimize}_w (\|\mathbf{X}w - y\|^2)$$

where the squared norm is the loss that we try to minimize, and it is called the least squares problem.

2 Minimization

To minimize our loss, we can use **coordinate descent**. It starts with an initial random guess for w , and there is a set of k outer iterations. For the purpose of this project, we will initialize w as a vector of 0 's. In each outer iteration, it iterates m times in order to optimize the value of the objective function with respect to w_i variable only, while keeping all the rest fixed.

$$w_i^{new} = \text{argmin}_{w_i} (\|\mathbf{X}w - y\|^2), \text{ for } i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

This optimization is performed by taking the partial derivative of our loss function with respect to w_i and setting it to 0. Then we solve that for w_i and that will become the updated value for w_i . More specifically, the updates are derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla_{w_i} (\|\mathbf{X}w - y\|^2) &= 2\mathbf{X}_i^T (\mathbf{X}w - y) = 0 \\ \Rightarrow \mathbf{X}_i^T (\mathbf{X}_i w_i + \mathbf{X}_{-i} w_{-i} - y) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow w_i &= \frac{\mathbf{X}_i^T (y - \mathbf{X}_{-i} w_{-i})}{\mathbf{X}_i^T \mathbf{X}_i} \end{aligned}$$

The \mathbf{X}_i is the i th column of \mathbf{X} , and w_i is the i th element of w . The subscript $-i$ indicates that the $n \times (m - 1)$ matrix \mathbf{X}_{-i} is the matrix \mathbf{X} if we exclude column i , and correspondingly, the $(m - 1) \times 1$ vector w_{-i} is the w without the i th element.

For the purpose of this assignment, we will run a fixed k number of outer iterations, which will be given as a command line argument. Your program should also output the model loss ($\|\mathbf{X}w - y\|^2$) to the standard output after each outer iteration.